

PO/IE 318 – GERMANY IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY

IES Abroad Berlin

DESCRIPTION:

This course introduces students to the German economic and political model with a special focus on Germany's role in the European and global economy. The first part of the course will focus on Germany's history, economy and politics, while the second part puts more emphasis on contemporary issues and the role of Germany within the European Union (EU). The course will also examine global economic governance, particularly the global trade regime, from the perspective of Germany and the EU. At the end of this course, students will be prepared to assess the specifics of the German economy embedded in Europe and the world: How did Germany become the third largest export economy in the world? What role has government played to foster this economic success? How have the "Deutschmark" and, later, the Euro and the broader process of European integration affected the German economy? How have politics and the ideology of the government affected the German economy throughout its history? What is the impact of German trade surpluses on its European and global partners? These are just a few of the questions that the class will aim to answer. The interdisciplinary approach of this course, combining political science, economics, history and international political economy will give students a broad picture of salient topics that determine the German economic model.

CREDITS: 3

CONTACT HOURS: 45

LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: English

PREREQUISITES: None

ADDITIONAL COST: None

METHOD OF PRESENTATION:

The lecturer seeks to spark intellectual curiosity and interest in understanding social phenomena by applying an interdisciplinary approach. Students are expected to prepare the mandatory readings. The instructor will start each class with a short lecture focusing on the optional and more advanced readings. Students are expected to engage in discussions as the emphasis will be placed on active participation in classes and to prepare a short presentation on the chosen institution relevant for the class.

REQUIRED WORK AND FORM OF ASSESSMENT:

- Course participation – 10%
- Midterm exam – 25%
- Case study – 25%
- Presentation – 15%
- Final exam – 25%

Course Participation

Students must complete the assigned readings, participate in class discussions and attend all field trips. Students are encouraged to present one of the readings in class. The IES grading rubric for participation is available on Moodle.

Midterm Exam

Take-home essay: responses to prompts (c. 2,000 words) with three questions covering the content of the first half of the course (due at the end of week 5). These prompts will be posted on Moodle 7 days before the deadline; the student will have a week to complete this assignment. The student will upload their paper on Moodle and may use any resource within this timeframe. The student is expected to provide a clear argument and substantiate it with relevant evidence.

Case Study

The case study paper (c. 2,000 words) should profile an institution relevant for the class, such as the Budget Committee of the Bundestag. This descriptive paper should have the following elements: historical context, the main competences of the chosen institution and its significance for the German political economy. Working on the paper should begin as early as possible and the student should consult the instructor before choosing the institution. The paper will be assigned in the second week of class and is due at the end of week 8.

Presentation

Each student will provide a short presentation (c. 10 min) on their case study paper sometime before or during week 8. The date of the presentation will be assigned in the second week. The presentation should include the key elements of the assigned paper and conclude with questions for discussion.

Final Exam

The students will write a final exam based on the readings, lectures and class discussions from the second half of the course. The students will answer three questions in short essay format. This will be a closed book examination: 90 minutes in week 10.

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- explain the difference between two models of capitalism: the social vs. liberal market economy,
- analyze the significance of organizations such as the EU, the WTO and the IMF for the German economy,
- apply acquired knowledge to the debates on the German political economy,
- interpret economic processes within broader social and political spectrums,
- critically evaluate the source of information and its value or lack thereof (e.g., fake news),
- and assess the role of government in managing its economy and international trade.

ATTENDANCE POLICY:

Attendance and punctuality in all courses and field studies are mandatory. Absences can only be excused for valid reasons. Unexcused absences can affect students’ grades. Students who miss 25% or more of all class sessions will fail the course. Missed exams cannot be taken at another time except in case of documented illness. Late submission of term papers and other work will result in grade reduction unless an extension due to illness or an emergency is approved. Please consult the IES Abroad Berlin academics manual on Moodle for additional details.

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY:

Students are expected to abide by the IES Abroad Academic Integrity Code. Assignments need to be properly and amply footnoted where appropriate, with all sources attributed, including images. This not only applies to written assignments but also presentations by means of PowerPoint, Prezi or posters. Contributions may be checked with plagiarism-detecting software.

CONTENT:

This class will provide students with introductory texts and expose them to research papers. Consequently, mandatory and optional readings are assigned for each session. The optional readings are research-oriented papers and only required for those using them to conduct research for their presentations.

Sessions	Content	Readings
Week 1	Session 1: History <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction • History of Germany in the 20th century 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weingast, Barry R. (2010). Caltech Rules For Writing Papers: How to Structure Your Paper and Write an Introduction, pp.1-4., available at https://web.stanford.edu/group/mcnollgast/cgi-bin/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/CALTECH.RUL_.pdf • Schroeder, Hans-Juergen (2011). From Division to Unity: The History of the Federal Republic of Germany, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 13-64. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Berghahn, V. R. (1987). Modern Germany: Society, Economy and Politics in the Twentieth Century, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge 1987, Chapter 5 “Occupation and Division”, pp. 177-222.
	Session 2: The Political Economy of Germany – Part 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to the German political system 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vasilache, Andreasj (2011). The Idea of Democracy in the West, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 149-167. • Birsl, Ursula (2011). The German Parliamentarian System, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 191-208. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Welsh, Helga A. (2015). Germany: Challenges and Paradoxes in Ronald Tiersky and Erik Jones (eds.), <i>Europe Today: A Twenty-first Century</i>

		<p><i>Introduction</i>, 5th Edition, Rowman & Littlefield, Lanham, Maryland, pp. 87-118.</p>
Week 2	<p>Session 3: The Political Economy of Germany – Part 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Theory of the political economy: social market economy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meyer, Thomas (2011). Social Democracy: The Underlying Political Philosophy of the German Constitution, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 168-176. Eissel, Dieter (2011). The German Social Market Economy, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 103-111. Paesler, Markus (2011). Theory and Historical Development of the Social Market Economy in Germany, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, 1, pp. 111-120. Brooks, David (2005). Fear and Rejection, New York Times, June 2, available at https://www.nytimes.com/2005/06/02/opinion/fear-and-rejection.html <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hall, Peter and Soskice, David (2001). An Introduction to Varieties of Capitalism, in Hall and Soskice (eds.), <i>Varieties of Capitalism</i>, Oxford University Press, Oxford, pp. 1-68 (esp. 21-27).
	<p>Session 4: The foundations of the German economic model – Part 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The geographical, social, and historical underpinnings of German economic development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eissel, Dieter (2011). The German Economy, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 75-103. Garton Ash, Timothy (2013). The New German Question, The New York Review of Books, August 15, available at https://www.nybooks.com/articles/2013/08/15/new-german-question/ Germany's economic model: What Germany offers the world, The Economist, London, April 14 2012, available at https://www.economist.com/briefing/2012/04/14/what-germany-offers-the-world <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dyson, Kenneth (2005). Economic Policy Management: Catastrophic Equilibrium, Tipping Points and Crisis Intervention, in Simon Green and William E. Paterson (eds.), <i>Governance in Contemporary Germany. The Semisovereign State Revisited</i>, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 115-137.
Week 3	<p>Session 5: The foundations of the German economic model – Part 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ordoliberalism as the philosophical foundation of the German economic model 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kluth, Andreas (2018). Ordoliberalism and the alleged aberration of German economics, Handelsblatt January 31, available at https://www.handelsblatt.com/today/politics/handelsblatt-explains-ordoliberalism-and-the-alleged-aberration-of-german-economics/23580920.html Of rules and order, The Economist, May 9th 2015, available at https://www.economist.com/europe/2015/05/09/of-rules-and-order <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kolev, Stefan (2015). Ordoliberalism and the Austrian School, in Christopher J. Coyne and Peter J. Boettke (eds.), <i>The Oxford Handbook of Austrian Economics</i>, Oxford University Press, New York, pp. 419-444.
	<p>Session 6: The Two Germanys – Part 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The process of German unification and its impact on the German economy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Berghahn, V. R. (1987). Modern Germany: Society, Economy and Politics in the Twentieth Century, Cambridge University Press, Chapter 6 “The Two Germanies since the 1960s”, pp. 226-268. James, Harold and Stone, Marla eds. (1992). When the Wall came down, Routledge New York and London, pp. XIII-XVIII, 117-118, 125-129 and 102-104.

		<p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eichengreen, Barry (2007). <i>The European Economy Since 1945: Coordinated Capitalism and Beyond</i>, Princeton University Press, Princeton and Oxford, Chapter 10 “The Collapse of Central Planning”, pp. 294-334.
Week 4	<p>Session 7: The Two Germanys – Part 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The role of the government in the economy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weingast, Barry and Witman, Donald A. eds. (2006). <i>The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy</i>, Oxford University Press, New York 2006, Chapter 35 Anne Wren “Comparative Perspectives on the Role of the State in the Economy”, pp. 642-655. Three Illusions: Germans are wrong to assume they can just do more of the same, <i>The Economist</i>, London, Sep 27 2014, available at https://www.economist.com/europe/2014/09/27/three-illusions <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heidenheimer, Arnold J. and Hecl, Hugh and Teich Adams, Carolyn (1990). <i>Comparative Public Policy: The Politics of Social Choice in America, Europe and Japan</i>, St. Martin’s Press, New York, Chapter 6 “Taxation Policy”, pp. 183-217.
	<p>Session 8: Education and social reforms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The education system as a key pillar to the economic success story Reforming capital-labor relations: Gerhard Schröder’s reforms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Culpepper, Pepper (2001). <i>Employers, Public Policy, and the Politics of Decentralized Cooperation in Germany and France</i>, in Hall and Soskice, eds., <i>Varieties of Capitalism</i>, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 275-306. Eissel, Dieter (2011). <i>The German Social Security System and its Reforms</i>, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 121-137. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carlin, Wendy et al. (2014). <i>The Transformation of the German Social Model</i>, in Jon Erik Dølvik and Andrew Martin (ed.), <i>European Social Models From Crisis to Crisis: Employment and Inequality in the Era of Monetary Integration</i>, Oxford University Press, Chapter 3, pp. 49-104.
Week 5	Midterm exam	Take-home essay due at the end of week 5
Week 6	<p>Session 9: The Euro – Part 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field trip: guided tour through the Federal Ministry of Finance, including discussion with specialists 	
	<p>Session 10: The Euro – Part 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The introduction of the Euro 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Moravcsik, Andrew (1998). <i>The Choice for Europe: Social Purpose and State Power from Messina to Maastricht</i>. Ithaca and London: Cornell University Press, Chapter 6 “Economic and Monetary Union: Negotiating the Maastricht Treaty 1988-1991,” pp. 379-471. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> De Grauwe, Paul (2013). <i>The Political Economy of the Euro</i>, <i>Annual Review of Political Science</i>, Vol. 16:153-179.

Week 7	<p>Session 11: The reluctant hegemon? Germany and Europe – Part 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Germany in the monetary union 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crawford, Beverly (2007). Power and German Foreign Policy Embedded Hegemony in Europe Chapter 4 “Foreign Economic Policy in Europe: From Rule-Maker to Rule-Breaker in the European Monetary Union”, Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke and New York, pp. 103-142. Dyson, Kenneth (2012). Economic and Monetary Union in Erik Jones, Anand Menon, and Stephen Weatherill (eds) <i>The Oxford Handbook of the European Union</i>, Oxford University Press, pp. 453-468. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Schoeller, Magnus G. (2017). Providing political leadership? Three case studies on Germany’s ambiguous role in the eurozone crisis, <i>Journal of European Public Policy</i> Volume 24, Issue 1, pp.1-20.
	<p>Session 12: The reluctant hegemon? Germany and Europe – Part 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The role of Germany in the European debt crisis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Jacoby, Wade (2015). Europe’s New German Problem: The Timing of Politics and the Politics of Timing, in: Matthijs, Matthias / Blyth, Mark (Hrsg.), <i>The Future of the Euro</i>, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 187-209. Fischer, Joschka (2015). The Return of the Ugly German, Project Syndicate, available at https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/return-of-the-ugly-german-by-joschka-fischer-2015-07 <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Newman, Abraham (2015). The Reluctant Leader: Germany’s Euro Experience and the Long Shadow of Reunification, in: Matthijs, Matthias and Blyth, Mark (ed.), <i>The Future of the Euro</i>, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 117-135.
Week 8	<p>Session 13: The European single market</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eastern Europe and German industry chains: the role of German direct investments for German business models Germany and the European single market 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hanska, Iwona A. (2011). Germany and Poland, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), <i>The New Germany</i>, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 360-372. Lelieveldt, Herman and Princen, Sebastiaan (2015). The Politics of the European Union, Cambridge University Press, Second Edition, Chapter 8 “An overview of EU policy-making”, pp.179-207. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lagarde, Christine (2018). Three German Economic Challenges with European Effect, January 17, 2018, available at https://blogs.imf.org/2018/01/17/three-german-economic-challenges-with-european-effect/ Caporaso, James, and Tarrow, Sidney (2009). Polanyi in Brussels: Supranational Institutions and the Transnational Embedding of Markets. <i>International Organization</i> 63(4): 593–620.
	<p>Session 14: International trade and Germany – Part 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> WTO and the global trade regime 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Narlikar, Amrita (2005). <i>The World Trade Organization: A Very Short Introduction</i>, Oxford University Press 2005, Chapter 1. “Who needs an international trade organisation?” pp.1-22 and Chapter 2. “The creation of the World Trade Organization”, pp.23-41. Kerremans, Bart (2011). The EU, its Common Commercial Policy, and the World Trade Organization, in Jens-Uwe Wunderlich and David J. Bailey (eds.), <i>The European Union and Global Governance: A Handbook</i>, London, Routledge, pp. 199-208. De Bièvre, Dirk and Poletti, Arlo (2017). Why the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership is not (so) new, and why it is also not (so) bad, <i>Journal of European Public Policy</i>, 24:10, pp. 1506-1521. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> De Ville, Ferdi (2011). The Common Commercial Policy and Global Economic Governance in Jens-Uwe Wunderlich and David J. Bailey (eds.), <i>The European Union and Global Governance: A Handbook</i>. London, Routledge, pp. 140-148.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meissner, Katharina L. (2018). Commercial Realism and EU Trade Policy Competing for Economic Power in Asia and the Americas, Chapter 6 “Economic Power and European Union Trade Policy”, London: Routledge. <p>Case study paper due at the end of week 8</p>
Week 9	Session 15: International trade and Germany – Part 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Negotiating a trade agreement with the United States 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> De Bièvre, Dirk and Poletti, Arlo (2017). Why the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership is not (so) new, and why it is also not (so) bad, <i>Journal of European Public Policy</i>, 24:10, pp. 1506-1521. <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dür, Andreas (2007). Avoiding Deadlock in European Trade Policy, in: De Bièvre, D. and Neuhold, <i>Dynamics and Obstacles of European Governance</i>, Cheltenham, Edward Elgar, pp. 97–116.
	Session 16: International trade and Germany – Part 3 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Negotiating a trade agreement with the United Kingdom: Brexit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sacerdoti, Giorgio (2017). How can Britain Trade with the EU? The Prospects for the UK after Brexit, in Federico Fabbrini (ed.), <i>The Law & Politics of Brexit</i>, Oxford University Press. Nehring, Holger (2016). What Germany wants as diplomacy over Brexit begins, <i>The Conversation</i>, available at http://dspace.stir.ac.uk/bitstream/1893/23788/1/Nehring-Conversation-2016.pdf <p><i>Optional:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stephens, Philip (2017). A Franco-German bargain to save Europe, <i>Financial Times</i>, available at https://www.ft.com/content/ded83818-0f00-11e7-a88c-50ba212dce4d Weder di Mauro, Beatrice (2016). If you really want to go – Germany and Brexit, <i>VOX</i>, 6 December, available at https://voxeu.org/article/if-you-really-want-go-germany-and-brexit
Week 10	Final Exam	

REQUIRED READINGS:

- Berghahn, V. R. (1987). *Modern Germany: Society, Economy and Politics in the Twentieth Century*, Cambridge University Press, Chapter 6 “The Two Germanies since the 1960s”, pp. 226-268.
- Birsl, Ursula (2011). The German Parliamentary System, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 191-208.
- Brooks, David (2005). Fear and Rejection, *New York Times*, June 2, available at <https://www.nytimes.com/2005/06/02/opinion/fear-and-rejection.html>
- Crawford, Beverly (2007). Power and German Foreign Policy Embedded Hegemony in Europe Chapter 4 “Foreign Economic Policy in Europe: From Rule-Maker to Rule-Breaker in the European Monetary Union”, Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke and New York, pp. 103-142.
- Culpepper, Pepper (2001). Employers, Public Policy, and the Politics of Decentralized Cooperation in Germany and France, in Hall and Soskice, eds., *Varieties of Capitalism*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 275-306.
- De Bièvre, Dirk (2015). Directorate-General for Trade of the European Commission in Knud Erik Jørgensen, Aasne Kalland Aarstad, Edith Drieskens, Katie Laatikainen and Ben Tonra (eds.) *The SAGE Handbook of European Foreign Policy*. London, volume 1.
- De Bièvre, Dirk and Poletti, Arlo (2017). Why the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership is not (so) new, and why it is also not (so) bad, *Journal of European Public Policy*, 24:10, pp. 1506-1521.
- Dyson, Kenneth (2012). Economic and Monetary Union in Erik Jones, Anand Menon, and Stephen Weatherill (eds) *The Oxford Handbook of the European Union*, Oxford University Press, pp. 453-468.
- Eissel, Dieter (2011). The German Economy, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 75-103.

- Eissel, Dieter (2011). The German Social Security System and its Reforms, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 121-137.
- Eissel, Dieter (2011). The German Social Market Economy, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 103-111.
- Fischer, Joschka (2015). The Return of the Ugly German, Project Syndicate, available at <https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/return-of-the-ugly-german-by-joschka-fischer-2015-07>
- Germany's economic model: What Germany offers the world, The Economist, London, April 14 2012, available at <https://www.economist.com/briefing/2012/04/14/what-germany-offers-the-world>
- Garton Ash, Timothy (2013). The New German Question, The New York Review of Books, August 15, available at <https://www.nybooks.com/articles/2013/08/15/new-german-question/>
- Hanska, Iwona A. (2011). Germany and Poland, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 360-372.
- Jacoby, Wade (2015). Europe's New German Problem: The Timing of Politics and the Politics of Timing, in: Matthijs, Matthias / Blyth, Mark (Hrsg.), *The Future of the Euro*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 187-209.
- James, Harold and Stone, Marla eds. (1992). When the Wall came down, Routledge New York and London, pp. XIII-XVIII, 117-118, 125-129 and 102-104.
- Kerremans, Bart (2011). The EU, its Common Commercial Policy, and the World Trade Organization, in Jens-Uwe Wunderlich and David J. Bailey (eds.), *The European Union and Global Governance: A Handbook*, London, Routledge, pp. 199-208.
- Kluth, Andreas (2018). Ordoliberalism and the alleged aberration of German economics, Handelsblatt January 31, available at <https://www.handelsblatt.com/today/politics/handelsblatt-explains-ordoliberalism-and-the-alleged-aberration-of-german-economics/23580920.html>
- Lelieveldt, Herman and Princen, Sebastiaan (2015). The Politics of the European Union, Cambridge University Press, Second Edition, Chapter 8 "An overview of EU policy-making", pp.179-207.
- Meyer, Thomas (2011). Social Democracy: The Underlying Political Philosophy of the German Constitution, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 168-176.
- Moravcsik, Andrew (1998). The Choice for Europe: Social Purpose and State Power from Messina to Maastricht. Ithaca and London: Cornell University Press, Chapter 6 "Economic and Monetary Union: Negotiating the Maastricht Treaty 1988-1991," pp. 379-471.
- Narlikar, Amrita (2005). The World Trade Organization: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford University Press 2005, Chapter 1. "Who needs an international trade organisation?" pp.1-22 and Chapter 2. "The creation of the World Trade Organization", pp.23-41.
- Nehring, Holger (2016). What Germany wants as diplomacy over Brexit begins, The Conversation, available at <http://dspace.stir.ac.uk/bitstream/1893/23788/1/Nehring-Conversation-2016.pdf>
- Of rules and order, The Economist, May 9th 2015, available at <https://www.economist.com/europe/2015/05/09/of-rules-and-order>
- Paesler, Markus (2011). Theory and Historical Development of the Social Market Economy in Germany, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, 1, pp. 111-120.
- Sacerdoti, Giorgio (2017). How can Britain Trade with the EU? The Prospects for the UK after Brexit, in Federico Fabbrini (ed.), *The Law & Politics of Brexit*, Oxford University Press.
- Schroeder, Hans-Juergen (2011). From Division to Unity: The History of the Federal Republic of Germany, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 13-64.
- Three Illusions: Germans are wrong to assume they can just do more of the same, The Economist, London, Sep 27 2014, available at <https://www.economist.com/europe/2014/09/27/three-illusions>
- Vasilache, Andreasj (2011). The Idea of Democracy in the West, In Reimund Seidelmann (ed.), *The New Germany*, Nomos, Baden-Baden, pp. 149-167.
- Weingast, Barry and Witman, Donald A. eds. (2006). The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy, Oxford University Press, New York 2006, Chapter 35 Anne Wren "Comparative Perspectives on the Role of the State in the Economy", pp. 642-655.
- Weingast, Barry R. (2010). Caltech Rules For Writing Papers: How to Structure Your Paper and Write an Introduction, pp.1-4., available at https://web.stanford.edu/group/mcnollgast/cgi-bin/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/CALTECH.RUL_.pdf

Optional Readings

- Berghahn, V. R. (1987). *Modern Germany: Society, Economy and Politics in the Twentieth Century*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge 1987, Chapter 5 “Occupation and Division”, pp. 177-222.
- Caporaso, James, and Tarrow, Sidney (2009). Polanyi in Brussels: Supranational Institutions and the Transnational Embedding of Markets. *International Organization* 63(4): 593–620.
- Carlin, Wendy et al. (2014). The Transformation of the German Social Model, in Jon Erik Dølvik and Andrew Martin (ed.), *European Social Models From Crisis to Crisis: Employment and Inequality in the Era of Monetary Integration*, Oxford University Press, Chapter 3, pp. 49-104.
- De Grauwe, Paul (2013). The Political Economy of the Euro, *Annual Review of Political Science*, Vol. 16:153-179.
- De Ville, Ferdi (2011). The Common Commercial Policy and Global Economic Governance in Jens-Uwe Wunderlich and David J. Bailey (eds.), *The European Union and Global Governance: A Handbook*. London, Routledge, pp. 140-148.
- Dür, Andreas (2007). Avoiding Deadlock in European Trade Policy, in: De Bièvre, D. and Neuhold, *Dynamics and Obstacles of European Governance*, Cheltenham, Edward Elgar, pp. 97–116.
- Dyson, Kenneth (2005). Economic Policy Management: Catastrophic Equilibrium, Tipping Points and Crisis Intervention, in Simon Green and William E. Paterson (eds.), *Governance in Contemporary Germany. The Semisovereign State Revisited*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 115-137.
- Eichengreen, Barry (2007). The European Economy Since 1945: Coordinated Capitalism and Beyond, Princeton University Press, Princeton and Oxford, Chapter 10 “The Collapse of Central Planning”, pp. 294-334.
- Hall, Peter and Soskice, David (2001). An Introduction to Varieties of Capitalism, in Hall and Soskice (eds.), *Varieties of Capitalism*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, pp. 1-68 (esp. 21-27).
- Heidenheimer, Arnold J. and Hecho, Hugh and Teich Adams, Carolyn (1990). *Comparative Public Policy: The Politics of Social Choice in America, Europe and Japan*, St. Martin’s Press, New York, Chapter 6 “Taxation Policy”, pp. 183-217.
- Lagarde, Christine (2018). Three German Economic Challenges with European Effect, January 17, 2018, available at <https://blogs.imf.org/2018/01/17/three-german-economic-challenges-with-european-effect/>
- Kolev, Stefan (2015). Ordoliberalism and the Austrian School, in Christopher J. Coyne and Peter J. Boettke (eds.), *The Oxford Handbook of Austrian Economics*, Oxford University Press, New York, pp. 419-444.
- Meissner, Katharina L. (2018). Commercial Realism and EU Trade Policy Competing for Economic Power in Asia and the Americas, Chapter 6 “Economic Power and European Union Trade Policy”, London: Routledge.
- Newman, Abraham (2015). The Reluctant Leader: Germany’s Euro Experience and the Long Shadow of Reunification, in: Matthijs, Matthias and Blyth, Mark (ed.), *The Future of the Euro*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 117-135.
- Schoeller, Magnus G. (2017). Providing political leadership? Three case studies on Germany's ambiguous role in the eurozone crisis, *Journal of European Public Policy* Volume 24, Issue 1, pp.1-20.
- Stephens, Philip (2017). A Franco-German bargain to save Europe, *Financial Times*, available at <https://www.ft.com/content/ded83818-0f00-11e7-a88c-50ba212dce4d>
- Weder di Mauro, Beatrice (2016). If you really want to go – Germany and Brexit, *VOX*, 6 December, available at <https://voxeu.org/article/if-you-really-want-go-germany-and-brexit>
- Welsh, Helga A. (2015). Germany: Challenges and Paradoxes in Ronald Tiersky and Erik Jones (eds.), *Europe Today: A Twenty-first Century Introduction*, 5th Edition, Rowman & Littlefield, Lanham, Maryland, pp. 87-118.