

# EC/IB 336 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN ARGENTINA AND LATIN AMERICA

IES Abroad Multi-location Emerging Economies
Course taught in Buenos Aires

### **DESCRIPTION:**

This course provides a theoretical basis of macroeconomics concepts that enables the student to understand economic concepts and perform a critical analysis about Argentina and Latin America. The course will also analyze the economic numbers, of Argentina and the region. This will be accompanied by a historical context for a greater understanding. Finally, after reviewing the region, will proceed to question populism and his threat to economic development. As the course progress, student participation will growth ending with a debate between them. Classes will be complemented with audiovisual material. Once the course is completed, the students will have the ability to understand the economic situation of each country and being able to formulate arguments and critical analysis.

**CREDITS:** 3 credits

**CONTACT HOURS: 45 hours** 

**LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION: English** 

PREREQUISITES: A basic introduction to Economics is recommended

**ADDITIONAL COST: None** 

### **METHOD OF PRESENTATION:**

Lectures, class discussions, and audiovisual material.

# REQUIRED WORK AND FORM OF ASSESSMENT:

- Course Participation and Preparation 5%
- Presentation 10%
- Midterm Evaluation 25%
- Final Evaluation 35%
- Research Project 25%

## **Participation and Preparation**

Students are expected to participate actively and to prepare readings and assignments thoroughly before class.

# Presentation

Every student will be required at least once to summarize and make a 10-minute presentation on one of the class readings. The presentation will be conducted at the beginning of the class. Depending on the number of students enrolled, two or more students may be required to present the same text together.

# **Midterm and Final Evaluations**

There will be two midterm evaluations. The first one will focus on the theoretical aspects of the program to ensure a proper understanding of the concepts before proceeding with the analysis of the countries. The second midterm exam will focus on the analysis of the different countries. The final exam has the same methodology and will **mainly** focus on the case of Argentina and Chile and the final theory class. The format will be short and long essays.

# **Research Project**

Students will be required to write an essay with a minimum length of 12 and maximum 20 pages (without accounting bibliography and annex data). A brief, oral presentation of the main facts, findings, and conclusions will be held during a late class session. The topics will be freely chosen by the students but should remain relevant to the course topics; approval of the topic by the academic



staff is required to continue with the project. The format and other formal details will be disclosed during the class sessions and made available to students as a pdf on the Moodle platform. Student papers are due before the final week of class.

### **LEARNING OUTCOMES:**

By the end of the course, students will be able to:

- Understand the major macroeconomic concepts.
- Differentiate between countries that achieve economic development and those who stagnate.
- Understand the conflicting arguments that are used by either side of the political spectrum to describe the historic reasons for Latin America's economic ailments.
- Understand and articulate the local concepts of populism, liberalism, nationalism among others.
- Understand the arguments used and reasons why populism wins votes.
- Have a solid comprehension of the economic situation of the countries of Latin America, in particular Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Perú and Mexico.
- Aware of the importance of the institutions and free market for economic development.
- Understand the historical evolution of Latin America's economy in general.
- Understand the forces that have influenced the economies of Latin America.
- Be able to describe the economic challenges that Argentina has faced in recent decades.
- Be able to explain how the abundance of certain natural resources can be viewed as a blessing or curse for the countries of the region.
- Describe the logic and the pros and cons of import-substituting industrialization.
- Have a clear understanding of the causes and the effects of high inflation and volatile exchange rates on an economy.
- Understand the reasons for and the effects of protectionist policies on an economy.
- Explain the pros and cons of free market policies for Latin America.
- Understand how globalization has affected the economies of the region.
- Comprehend the existing trade blocks in the region.
- Understand the impact and attitude locally to the IMF policies and the Washington consensus.
- Be able to synthesize the main economic ailments of the region.

## CONTENT:

Session	Content	Assignments
Session 1	Overview of the course     Macroeconomic Concepts     Objectives of macroeconomics.     GDP: Real and Nominal GDP	McConnell: Chapters 6 & 7 (pp 135-171)
Session 2	The origin of money  Functions of the Central Bank and Inflation	<ul> <li>McConnell: Chapters 8 &amp; 9 (pp 172-217)</li> <li>Menger: The Origin of Money (50p.)</li> <li>Radford: Economic Organization of a P.O.W. Camp (13p.)</li> </ul>
Session 3	Aggregate supply and the Phillips curve	<ul> <li>McConnell: Chapter 12 (pp 263-287).</li> <li>Ravier: Dynamic Monetary Theory and the Phillips Curve with a Positive Slope (17 p.)</li> </ul>
Session 4	Economic development: Classics and Keynes	McConnell: Chapter 19 (pp 424-440)



Session	Content	Assignments
Session 5	Economic Cycles	<ul> <li>McConnell: Chapter 9 (pp 195-217).</li> <li>Mises: The Theory of Money and Credit. (Chapter 8: 16p.; Chapter 12: 18 p.)</li> </ul>
Session 6	Colonialism in Latin America	• Franko: Chapter 2 (pp 31-54)
Session 7	Exam 1	
Session 8	Argentina Part I:	<ul> <li>HBS cases: 9-702-001 &amp; 094</li> <li>Mussa: Chapters 1-5</li> </ul>
Session 9	What did public expenditure used to be?     Consequences of bad public spending     Inflation     Speed of Money Circulation Index     Public debt     Country risk     The Holdouts affair	<ul> <li>Dornbusch: Chapter 5. (pp 121-150)</li> <li>IMF: The Role of the IMF in Argentina (Executive Summary). Complete Report at: http://www.imf.org/External/NP/ieo/2004/ arg/eng/</li> </ul>
Session 10	Argentina Part III:	Cuant to a large Marray 117 17 Old
Session 11	Argentina Part IV: Social Plans	Guest teacher: Marcos Hilding Ohlsson
Session 12	Argentina Part V:      External sector     Comparative analysis     Unemployment     Foreign Direct Investment     Tourism     Social Crisis	• Edwards: Chapter 7 (pp 143-164)



Session	Content	Assignments
Session 13	Chile Part I:  GDP Fiscal deficit Fiscal awareness proposal Debt Tax reform Labor reform Educational reform The Transantiago Populism in Chile? Social mobility The rise of the middle class	<ul> <li>Edwards: Chapter 5 (pp 101-121).</li> <li>HBS case: 9-798-092.</li> </ul>
Session 14	Brazil and Uruguay:	• Haber: Chapter 3 (pp 69-120).
Session 15	Peru and Colombia: GDP  Fiscal deficit Inflation Unemployment Trade balance Democracy in Peru The case of Sendero Luminoso Perspectives with PPK (Pedro Pablo Kuczynski)	• Dornbusch: Chapter 9 (pp 263-330) and Chapter 11 (pp 369-392).
Session 16	<ul> <li>Ecuador, Paraguay, and Bolivia: GDP</li> <li>Fiscal deficit</li> <li>Unemployment</li> <li>Trade balance</li> <li>Why the populism of Ecuador is different?</li> <li>Populism awareness of Bolivia</li> </ul>	Dornbusch: Chapter 1. (pp 7-14).



Session	Content	Assignments
Session 17	Venezuela and Populism:	• Reid: Chapter 7 (pp 159-178).
Session 18	<ul> <li>GDP</li> <li>Fiscal deficit</li> <li>Inflation</li> <li>Unemployment</li> <li>Trade balance</li> <li>The crisis in Venezuela</li> <li>Is there any hope for Venezuela?</li> </ul> Exam II	
Session 19	<ul> <li>Poverty and inequality</li> <li>History of poverty</li> <li>Industrial Revolution</li> <li>Causes of inequality</li> <li>Is inequality necessarily bad?</li> <li>Is inequality actually increasing?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Haber: Chapter 5 (pp 159-218).</li> <li>Deaton: Inevitable Inequality?</li> <li>Harris: Inequality and Progress (Chapter: V, VI, IX &amp; X) (pp 32-49, 69-81)</li> </ul>
Session 20	<ul> <li>The importance of Free Markets</li> <li>Competition</li> <li>The role of the entrepreneur</li> <li>Companies in developed and underdeveloped countries</li> <li>Wealth creation</li> <li>Entrepreneurship as poverty output and progress</li> <li>Movie "The call of the entrepreneur"</li> </ul>	De Soto: Chapters 1-3. "Spreading the gospel: An effort to promote entrepreneurship in the developing world is bearing fruit" The Economist, July 31, 2008.
Session 21	<ul> <li>Private property, Democracy, and Institutional Quality</li> <li>History and importance of private property</li> <li>The emergence of democracy</li> <li>The paradox of democracy</li> <li>Is democracy enough?</li> <li>Ranking of institutional quality by countries</li> </ul>	Pipes – Property and Freedom (Chapter :52 p.)
Session 22	Poverty and inequality     The case of Argentina and Venezuela     The paradox of democracy	



Session	Content	Assignments
Session 23	Student Presentations	
Session 24	Student Presentations	

## **RECOMMENDED READINGS:**

- Blustein, Paul. 2006. And The Money Kept Rolling In (and Out): Wall Street, the IMF and the Bankrupting of Argentina. Public Affairs.
- Bulmer-Thomas, Victor. 2014. The Economic History of Latin America Since Independence. 3rd ed. Cambridge University Press.
- Cardoso, Eliana. 1995. Latin America's Economy: Diversity, Trends and Conflicts. MIT Press.
- Coatsworth, John, Taylor, Alan. (eds). 1998. Latin America and the World Economy Since 1800. The David Rockefeller Center Series on Latin American Studies, Harvard University Press.
- Cortés Conde, Roberto. 2009. The Political Economy of Argentina in the Twentieth Century. Cambridge University Press.
- De Soto, Hernando. 2003. The Mystery of Capital: Why Capitalism Triumphs in the West and Fails Everywhere Else. Basic Books.
- Della Paolera, Gerardo, Taylor, Alan. (eds). 2003. A New Economic History of Argentina. Cambridge University Press.
- Desai, Vandana. Potter, Robert (eds). 2008. The Companion to Development Studies. 2nd ed. Hodder Education.
- Di Tella, Rafael. Vogel, Ingrid. 2004. The Argentine Paradox: Economic Growth and the Populist Tradition. Harvard Business School case no. 9-702-001.
- Dornbusch, Rudiger, Edwards, Sebastian. 1991. The Macroeconomics of Populism in Latin America. University of Chicago
- Edwards, Sebastian. 2012. Left Behind: Latin America and the False Promise of Populism. University of Chicago Press.
- Franko, Patrice. 2007. The Puzzle of Latin American Economic Development. 3rd ed. Rowman and Littlefield.
- Fukuyama, Francis. 2008. Falling Behind: Explaining the Development Gap Between Latin America and the United States. Oxford University Press.
- Furtado, Celso. 1977. Economic Development of Latin America: Historical Background and Contemporary Problems. Cambridge University Press.
- Haber, Stephen. 2000. Political Institutions and Economic Growth in Latin America: Essays in Policy, History and Political Economy. Hoover Institution Press.
- Harris, Richard. 2005. Globalization and Development in Latin America. De Sitter Publications.
- Huw, Pill. 2002. Argentina: Data Supplement, 1990-2002. Harvard Business School case no. 9-702-094.
- McConnell, Campbell et al. 2011. Macroeconomics. 19th ed. McGraw-Hill Education.
- Mussa, Michael. 2002. Argentina and the Fund: From Triumph to Tragedy. Peterson Institute.
- Ramos, Teresita. Kennedy, Robert. 1999. Chile: The Latin American Tiger?. Harvard Business School case nbr. 9-798-092.
- Reid, Michael. 2009. Forgotten Continent: The Battle for Latin America's Soul. 2nd ed. Yale University Press.
- Reyes, Javier et al. 2015. Latin American Economic Development. 2nd ed. Routledge.
- Tanzi, Vito. 2007. Argentina: An Economic Chronicle. Jorge Pinto Books.
- Thorpe, Rosemary. 1998. Progress, Poverty and Exclusion: An Economic History of Latin America in the Twentieth Century. Inter-American Development Bank.
- Todaro, Michael. 2014. Economic Development. 12th ed. Trans-Atlantic Publications (The Pearson Series in Economics).